

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended January 31, 2008

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 1-8266

DATARAM CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New Jersey 22-1831409

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
incorporation or organization)

P.O. Box 7528, Princeton, NJ 08543

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(609) 799-0071

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last
report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of
1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the
registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to
such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated
filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definitions of
"accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b of the Exchange
Act. (Check One):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as
defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's
classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Common Stock
(\$1.00 par value): As of February 29, 2008, there were 8,869,184 shares
outstanding.

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Dataram Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets
January 31, 2008 and April 30, 2007
(Unaudited)

	January 31, 2008	April 30, 2007
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,155,769	\$ 14,138,223
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts and sales returns of \$250,000 at January 31, 2008 and \$300,000 at April 30, 2007	2,629,054	4,717,101
Inventories	1,710,350	2,121,342
Deferred income taxes	1,133,866	1,148,865
Note receivable	0	1,537,500
Other current assets	206,907	230,535
Total current assets	<u>23,835,946</u>	<u>23,893,566</u>
Deferred income taxes	675,450	1,123,000
Property and equipment, at cost:		
Machinery and equipment	10,920,555	10,885,465
Leasehold improvements	2,103,688	2,103,688
	<u>13,024,243</u>	<u>12,989,153</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	12,436,724	12,205,354
Net property and equipment	<u>587,519</u>	<u>783,799</u>
Other assets	78,771	104,988
	<u>\$ 25,177,686</u>	<u>\$ 25,905,353</u>

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 756,914	\$ 1,596,593
Accrued liabilities	734,359	976,533
Total current liabilities	<u>1,491,273</u>	<u>2,573,126</u>

Stockholders' Equity:

Common stock, par value \$1.00 per share.		
Authorized 54,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 8,869,184 at January 31, 2008 and 8,687,755 at April 30, 2007		
	8,869,184	8,687,755
Additional paid-in capital	6,343,067	5,796,443
Retained earnings	8,474,162	8,848,029

Total stockholders' equity 23,686,413 23,332,227

\$ 25,177,686 \$ 25,905,353

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

<TABLE>

Dataram Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Operations
Three and Nine Months Ended January 31, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

	2008		2007	
	3rd Quarter	Nine Months	3rd Quarter	Nine Months
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Revenues	\$ 6,675,545	\$ 23,848,470	\$ 9,366,258	\$ 29,573,524

Costs and expenses:

Cost of sales	4,031,565	14,924,604	7,504,751	22,730,327
Engineering and development	313,463	900,544	295,271	921,804
Selling, general and administrative	2,116,578	6,716,735	2,249,734	7,073,088
	<u>6,461,606</u>	<u>22,541,883</u>	<u>10,049,756</u>	<u>30,725,219</u>
Earnings (loss) from operations	213,939	1,306,587	(683,498)	(1,151,695)
Interest income, net	194,582	597,069	174,957	518,250
Currency gain	38,665	84,113	38,020	102,260
Other income, net	0	0	0	2,265,000
Total other income	<u>233,247</u>	<u>681,182</u>	<u>212,977</u>	<u>2,885,510</u>
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	447,186	1,987,769	(470,521)	1,733,815
Income tax provision (benefit)	214,000	780,000	(173,000)	655,000
Net earnings (loss)	<u>\$ 233,186</u>	<u>\$ 1,207,769</u>	<u>\$ (297,521)</u>	<u>\$ 1,078,815</u>
Net earnings (loss) per share of common stock				
Basic	<u>\$.03</u>	<u>\$.14</u>	<u>\$ (.03)</u>	<u>\$.13</u>
Diluted	<u>\$.03</u>	<u>\$.14</u>	<u>\$ (.03)</u>	<u>\$.12</u>
Dividends per common share	<u>\$.06</u>	<u>\$.18</u>	<u>\$.06</u>	<u>\$.18</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

</TABLE>

Dataram Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Nine Months Ended January 31, 2008 and 2007
(Unaudited)

2008 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income	\$ 1,207,769	\$ 1,078,815
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	256,001	333,000
Bad debt expense (recovery)	(19,490)	22,464
Stock-based compensation expense	231,421	345,877
Loss on sale of property and equipment	707	0
Deferred income tax expense	462,549	491,000
Tax benefit from sale of common shares under stock option plan	(82,000)	(66,000)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable	2,107,537	561,127
Decrease (increase) in inventories	410,992	(349,385)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	23,628	(139,145)
Decrease in other assets	26,217	0
Decrease in accounts payable	(839,679)	(876,839)
Decrease in accrued liabilities	(242,174)	(28,172)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>3,543,478</u>	<u>1,372,742</u>

Cash flows provided by (used in)

investing activities -		
Payment of note receivable	1,537,500	0
Additions to property and equipment	(81,761)	(318,066)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	21,333	0
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>1,477,072</u>	<u>(318,066)</u>
Cash flows used in financing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of common shares under		

stock option plan	496,632	254,495
Tax benefit from sale of common shares under stock option plan	82,000	66,000
Cash dividends	(1,581,636)	(1,538,675)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,003,004)	(1,218,180)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,017,546	(163,504)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	14,138,223	14,044,398
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 18,155,769	\$ 13,880,894

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest	\$ 4,774	\$ 3,208
Income taxes	\$ 114,000	\$ 205,000

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Dataram Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements January 31, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

(1) Basis of Presentation

The information for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2008 and 2007 is unaudited, but includes all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to state fairly the financial information set forth therein in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The interim results are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full fiscal year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2007 included in the Company's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The April 30, 2007 balance sheet has been derived from those statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Earnings Per Share

Net earnings per share is presented in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 128, "Earnings Per Share". Basic net earnings per share is computed by dividing the net earnings by the weighted average number of shares of common stock issued and outstanding during the period. For purposes of calculating diluted net earnings per share for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2008, and the nine months ended January 31, 2007, the denominator includes both the weighted average number of shares of common stock issued and outstanding and also includes the dilutive effect of stock options outstanding (using the treasury stock method). For the three-month period ended January 31, 2007 the denominator does not include the dilutive effect of stock options outstanding because they would be anti-dilutive.

The following presents a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used in computing Basic and Diluted net earnings per share for fiscal 2008 and 2007.

Three Months ended January 31, 2008
Earnings Shares Per share
(numerator) (denominator) amount

Basic net earnings per share			
- -net earnings and weighted average common shares outstanding			
	\$ 233,186	8,869,184	\$.03
Effect of dilutive securities			
- -stock options	-	5,507	-

Diluted net earnings per share			
- -net earnings weighted average common shares outstanding and effect of stock options			
	\$ 233,186	8,874,691	\$.03

Three Months ended January 31, 2007
Earnings Shares Per share
(numerator) (denominator) amount

Basic net loss per share			
- -net loss and weighted average common shares outstanding			
	\$ (297,521)	8,668,964	\$ (.03)
Effect of dilutive securities			
- -stock options	-	-	-

Diluted net loss per share			
- -net loss weighted average common shares outstanding and effect of stock options			
	\$ (297,521)	8,668,964	\$ (.03)

Diluted net earnings per share does not include the effect of options to purchase 826,725 shares of common stock for the three months ended January 31, 2008 because they are anti-dilutive.

Nine Months ended January 31, 2008
Earnings Shares Per share
(numerator) (denominator) amount

Basic net earnings per share			
- -net earnings and weighted average common shares outstanding			
	\$1,207,769	8,810,690	\$.14
Effect of dilutive securities			
- -stock options	-	39,952	-

Diluted net earnings per share			
- -net earnings, weighted average common shares outstanding and effect of stock options			
	\$1,207,769	8,850,642	\$.14

Nine Months ended January 31, 2007
Earnings Shares Per share
(numerator) (denominator) amount

Basic net earnings per share			
- -net earnings and weighted average common shares outstanding			
	\$1,078,815	8,549,122	\$.13

Effect of dilutive securities			
- -stock options	-	250,427	(.01)

Diluted net earnings per share			
- -net earnings, weighted			
average common shares			
outstanding and effect of			
stock options	\$1,078,815	8,799,549	\$.12

Diluted net earnings per share does not include the effect of options to purchase 740,555 shares of common stock for the nine months ended January 31, 2008 because they are anti-dilutive.

Diluted net earnings per share does not include the effect of options to purchase 572,119 shares of common stock for the nine months ended January 31, 2007 because they are anti-dilutive.

Dividends

The Company pays a dividend on its common stock, currently \$0.06 per share per quarter. Cash dividends, paid in the three and nine months ended January 31, 2008 were \$532,151 and \$1,581,636, respectively. Cash dividends paid in the three and nine months ended January 31, 2007 were \$514,536 and \$1,538,675, respectively. On February 19, 2008, the Board of Directors declared a \$0.06 per share quarterly dividend. The dividend is payable on March 14, 2008, to shareholders of record as of February 29, 2008.

Common Stock Repurchases

On December 4, 2002 the Company's Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase plan pursuant to which the Company was authorized to repurchase a total of 500,000 shares of its common stock. For the nine months ended January 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company did not repurchase any shares of its common stock. As of January 31, 2008, 172,196 shares remain available for repurchase under the plan. This repurchase program does not have an expiration date.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has a 1992 incentive and non-statutory stock option plan for the purpose of permitting certain key employees to acquire equity in the Company and to promote the growth and profitability of the Company by attracting and retaining key employees. In general, the plan allowed granting of up to 2,850,000 shares, adjusted for stock splits, of the Company's common stock at an option price to be no less than the fair market value of the stock on the date such options are granted. Under option agreements granted under the plan, the holder of the option may purchase 20% of the common stock with respect to which the option has been granted on or after the first anniversary of the date of the grant and an additional 20% of such shares on or after each of the four succeeding anniversary dates. No further options may be granted under this plan.

The Company also has a 2001 incentive and non-statutory stock option plan for the purpose of permitting certain key employees to acquire equity in the Company and to promote the growth and profitability of the Company by attracting and retaining key employees. In general, the plan allows granting of up to 1,800,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an option price to be no less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date such options are granted. Currently, options granted under the plan vest ratably on the annual anniversary date of the grants. Vesting periods for options currently granted under the plan range from one to five years.

The Company periodically grants nonqualified stock options to non-employee directors of the Company. These options are granted for the purpose of retaining the services of directors who are not employees of the Company and to provide additional incentive for such directors to work to further the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The options granted to these non-employee directors are exercisable at a price representing the fair value at the date of grant, and expire either five or ten years after date of grant. Of each option, 100% are exercisable one year after the date of grant.

New shares of the Company's common stock are issued upon exercise of stock options.

Prior to May 1, 2006, as permitted under SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," ("SFAS 123"), compensation cost for stock options was recognized using the intrinsic value method described in APB No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25"). Effective May 1, 2006, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment," ("SFAS 123R") and Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107. Under SFAS 123R, the fair value of options granted is amortized over the related service period. SFAS 123R was adopted using the modified prospective transition method; therefore, prior periods have not been restated. Compensation expense recognized in the three and nine month periods ended January 31, 2008 and 2007 includes compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of May 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS 123. Compensation cost for any share-based payments granted subsequent to May 1, 2006 are based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123R.

As a result of adopting SFAS 123R, the Company's current fiscal year's third quarter and nine months selling, general and administrative expense includes \$66,000 and \$231,000, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense, compared to \$95,000 and \$346,000 in the comparable prior year periods. The Company measures the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based upon the market price of the underlying common stock as of the date of grant, reduced by the present value of estimated future dividends, using an expected quarterly dividend rate of \$0.06 and risk-free interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. Stock options are amortized over their applicable vesting period, which generally ranges from one to four years. These stock option grants have been classified as equity instruments, and as such, a corresponding increase of \$231,000 has been reflected in additional paid-in capital in the accompanying balance sheet as of January 31, 2008.

A summary of option activity under the plans for the nine months ended January 31, 2008 is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average remaining life	Aggregate contractual intrinsic value(1)
Balance				
April 30, 2007	1,208,066	\$5.24	3.22	\$ 675,000
Granted(2)	135,000	\$3.33	-	-
Exercised	(292,464)	\$2.81	-	\$ 240,000
Expired	(134,602)	\$5.51	-	-
Balance				
January 31, 2008	916,000	\$5.69	3.86	\$ 24,000
Exercisable				
January 31, 2008	741,000	\$6.14	3.48	\$ 24,000

(1) These amounts represent the difference between the exercise price and \$3.26, the closing price of Dataram common stock on January 31, 2008 as reported on the NASDAQ Stock Market, for all in-the-money options outstanding. For exercised options, intrinsic value represents the difference between the exercise price and the closing price of Dataram common stock on the date of exercise.

(2) The fair value of the stock options granted during the current fiscal year is \$1.81 and was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life of 5 years; expected volatility of 110%; expected dividend

yield of 7.2%; expected forfeiture rate of 5%; and a risk-free interest rate of 5.0%.

Total cash received from the exercise of options in the third quarter and nine months ended January 31, 2008 was \$8,000 and \$497,000, respectively, including tax benefits. No options completed vesting during the third quarter ended January 31, 2008. As of January 31, 2008, there was \$251,000 of total unrecognized compensation costs related to stock options. These costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.3 years. At January 31, 2008, an aggregate of 1,135,102 shares were authorized for future grant under the Company's stock option plans.

(2) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash, money market funds and commercial paper with purchased maturities of three months or less when acquired.

(3) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following categories:

	January 31, 2008	April 30, 2007
Trade receivables	\$ 2,831,000	\$ 4,989,000
VAT receivable	48,000	14,000
Other	0	14,000
Allowance for doubtful accounts and sales returns	(250,000)	(300,000)
	<u>\$ 2,629,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,717,000</u>

(4) Inventory valuation

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, with costs determined by the first-in, first-out method. Inventories at January 31, 2008 and April 30, 2007 consist of the following categories:

	January 31, 2008	April 30, 2007
Raw materials	\$ 1,432,000	\$ 1,497,000
Work in process	14,000	42,000
Finished goods	264,000	582,000
	<u>\$ 1,710,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,121,000</u>

(5) Note Receivable

On December 29, 2005, the Company closed on an agreement entered into in fiscal 2003 to sell its undeveloped land. The purchase price was \$3,075,000 of which half, or \$1,537,500, was paid in the form of a note, that accrued interest, payable monthly at 5% per annum for a period of one year and 7.5% per annum thereafter. The note was secured by a mortgage. Of the remainder, \$250,000 had been previously paid as deposits and \$1,253,000, which was net of closing costs, was received in cash at closing. The note was paid in full and the mortgage released in the Company's fiscal quarter ended July 31, 2007.

(6) Financial information by geographic location

The Company operates in one business segment and develops, manufactures and markets a variety of memory systems for use with network servers and workstations which are manufactured by various companies. Revenues for the three and nine month periods ended January 31, 2008 and 2007 by geographic region are as follows:

	Three months ended January 31, 2008	Nine months ended January 31, 2008
United States	\$ 4,839,000	\$ 17,078,000
Europe	1,234,000	4,726,000
Other (principally Asia Pacific Region)	603,000	2,044,000
Consolidated	<u>\$ 6,676,000</u>	<u>\$ 23,848,000</u>

	Three months ended January 31, 2007	Nine months ended January 31, 2007
United States	\$ 6,822,000	\$ 21,064,000
Europe	1,863,000	5,850,000
Other (principally Asia Pacific Region)	681,000	2,660,000
Consolidated	<u>\$ 9,366,000</u>	<u>\$ 29,574,000</u>

Long-lived assets consist of property and equipment. Long-lived assets and total assets by geographic region as of January 31, 2008 are as follows:

	Long-lived assets	Total assets
United States	\$ 588,000	\$ 25,073,000
Europe	0	91,000
Other	0	14,000
Consolidated	<u>\$ 588,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,178,000</u>

(7) Significant New Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" (FIN 48), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. This Interpretation requires that the Company recognize in its financial statements, the impact of a tax position, if that position is more likely than not to be sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The provisions of FIN 48 were effective for the Company beginning May 1, 2007. The adoption of FIN 48 had no material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the SEC released Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements" (SAB 108). SAB 108 provides interpretive guidance on the SEC's views regarding the process of quantifying materiality of financial statement misstatements. SAB 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006, and early application for the first interim period of the same fiscal year is encouraged. The application of SAB 108 had no effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" (SFAS No. 157). The purpose of SFAS No. 157 is to define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and enhance disclosures about fair value measurements. As permitted under the standard, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 157 in its current fiscal year beginning May 1, 2007. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 had no material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" (SFAS No. 159). SFAS No. 159 gives the Company the irrevocable option to carry many financial assets and liabilities at fair values, with changes in fair value recognized in earnings.

SFAS No. 159 is effective for the Company beginning May 1, 2008, although early adoption is permitted. We are currently assessing the potential impact that electing fair value measurement would have on our financial statements and have not determined what election we will make.

(8) Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents in financial institutions and brokerage accounts. To the extent that such deposits exceed the maximum insurance levels, they are uninsured. In regard to trade receivables, the Company performs ongoing evaluations of its customers' financial condition, as well as general economic conditions and, generally, requires no collateral from its customers.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The information provided in this interim report may include forward-looking statements relating to future events, such as the development of new products, pricing and availability of raw materials or the future financial performance of the Company. Actual results may differ from such projections and are subject to certain risks including, without limitation, risks arising from: changes in the price of memory chips, changes in the demand for memory systems for workstations and servers, increased competition in the memory systems industry, delays in developing and commercializing new products and other factors described in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission which can be reviewed at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Executive Overview

Dataram Corporation is a developer, manufacturer and marketer of large capacity memory products primarily used in high performance network servers and workstations. The Company provides customized memory solutions for original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) and compatible memory for leading brands including Dell, HP, IBM, Silicon Graphics and Sun Microsystems. The Company also manufactures a line of memory products for AMD and Intel motherboard based servers.

The Company's memory products are sold worldwide to OEMs, distributors, value-added resellers and end-users. The Company has a manufacturing facility in the United States with sales offices in the United States, Europe and Japan.

The Company is an independent memory manufacturer specializing in high capacity memory and competes with several other large independent memory manufacturers as well as the OEMs mentioned above. The primary raw material used in producing computer memory boards is dynamic random access memory (DRAM) chips and typically represents between 50% and 90% (depending on the capacity of the memory board) of the total product cost. Consequently, average selling prices for computer memory boards are significantly dependent on the pricing and availability of DRAM chips.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's cash and working capital position remain strong. As of January 31, 2008, cash and equivalents amounted to \$18.2 million and working capital amounted to \$22.3 million, reflecting a current ratio of 16.0, compared to cash and equivalents of \$14.1 million and working capital of \$21.3 million and a current ratio of 9.3 as of April 30, 2007.

During the first nine months of fiscal year 2008, net cash provided by

operating activities totaled approximately \$3.5 million. Net income in the first nine months of fiscal 2008 was approximately \$1.2 million. Accounts receivable decreased by approximately \$2.1 million as a result of lower sequential quarterly revenues. Deferred income taxes also decreased by \$463,000. This decrease, which was due to the Company's first nine months federal income tax expense, was offset by federal net operating loss (NOL) carry-forwards. Depreciation and amortization expense in the first nine months of fiscal 2008 was \$256,000. Inventories decreased by \$411,000, primarily as a result of the decline in DRAM costs. Non-cash stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$231,000 was recorded. The positive effect on cash and cash equivalents from these factors was partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable of approximately \$840,000 as well as a decrease in accrued liabilities of approximately \$242,000, primarily as a result of payment of accrued severance.

Net cash provided by investing activities was approximately \$1.5 million for the nine months ended January 31, 2008. This was primarily the result of the payment in full of the note receivable.

Net cash used in financing activities of approximately \$1.0 million for the nine months ended January 31, 2008, consists of approximately \$1.6 million cash dividend payments, offset by approximately \$497,000 of cash received from stock option exercises including tax benefit of \$82,000.

On June 21, 2004, the Company entered into a credit facility with a bank, which provides for up to a \$5 million revolving credit line. Advances under the facility are limited to 75% of eligible receivables, as defined in the agreement. The agreement provides for LIBOR rate loans and base rate loans at an interest rate no higher than the bank's base commercial lending rate. The Company is required to pay a commitment fee equal to one quarter of one percent per annum on the unused commitment. The agreement contains certain restrictive covenants, specifically a trailing twelve month profitability requirement, a current assets to current liabilities ratio, a total liabilities to tangible net worth ratio and certain other covenants, as defined in the agreement. The agreement was amended on April 4, 2005. The effect of the amendment was to increase the limit of the Company's combined open market stock repurchases and dividend payments to \$2.5 million per year from \$1.0 million per year without prior waiver. The agreement was scheduled to expire on June 21, 2006. On June 20, 2006, the agreement was amended. The effect of amendment was to extend the expiration date of the agreement to August 15, 2008 and remove the eligible accounts receivable limitation on advances under the facility. The amendment also modified the total liabilities to tangible net worth ratio covenant. The Company is in compliance with all covenants of the agreement and there have been no borrowings against the credit line.

Management believes that the Company's existing cash and cash flows generated from operations will be sufficient to meet short term liquidity needs as the Company does not expect any unforeseen demands beyond general operating requirements for cash. Management further believes that its working capital together with internally generated funds from its operations and its bank line of credit are adequate to finance the Company's long term operating needs and future capital requirements.

Future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases (with initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year) as of April 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Operating leases	
Year ending April 30:		
2008	\$	490,000
2009		403,000
2010		411,000
2011		365,000
2012		34,000
Thereafter		0
Total minimum lease payments	\$	1,703,000

The Company has no other material commitments.

Results of Operations

Revenues for the three-month period ended January 31, 2008 were \$6,676,000 compared to revenues of \$9,366,000 for the comparable prior year period, a decrease of approximately 29%. Fiscal 2008 nine-month revenues totaled \$23,848,000 versus nine-month revenues of \$29,574,000 in the prior year, a decrease of approximately 19%. As previously stated, the Company's selling prices are significantly dependent on the pricing and availability of DRAM chips. The Company's products utilize DRAMs of varying capacities, organizations and package types. While the changes in the purchase cost of specific DRAMs over time are not necessarily uniform or even move in the same direction, the Company's purchase cost per DRAMs declined, on average, by approximately 38% during the first nine months of the fiscal year. Consequently, the Company's selling prices were lower for similar products when compared on a year over year basis.

Revenues for the three and nine month periods ended January 31, 2008 and 2007 by geographic region are as follows:

	Three months ended January 31, 2008	Nine months ended January 31, 2008
United States	\$ 4,839,000	\$ 17,078,000
Europe	1,234,000	4,726,000
Other (principally Asia Pacific Region)	603,000	2,044,000
Consolidated	<u>\$ 6,676,000</u>	<u>\$ 23,848,000</u>

	Three months ended January 31, 2007	Nine months ended January 31, 2007
United States	\$ 6,822,000	\$ 21,064,000
Europe	1,863,000	5,850,000
Other (principally Asia Pacific Region)	681,000	2,660,000
Consolidated	<u>\$ 9,366,000</u>	<u>\$ 29,574,000</u>

Cost of sales for the third quarter and nine months were 60% and 63% of revenues, respectively, versus 80% and 77% for the same respective prior year periods. There are three primary factors which have contributed to the percentage decline. First, the Company's general pricing strategy has been to reduce its selling prices by approximately the same amount as the cost savings realized from lower DRAM prices. This has had the effect of increasing the realized gross margin percentage. Secondly, in fiscal 2008 there has been a shift in sales to larger capacity memory modules, which typically command higher margins. As the price of the Company's higher capacity products have come down as a result of lower DRAM costs, they have become a more affordable option for customers with memory intensive applications. Thirdly, year over year nine-month cost of sales also includes a savings of approximately \$525,000 as a result of a reduction in workforce and other manufacturing costs initiated in the fourth quarter of the prior fiscal year.

Engineering and development costs in fiscal 2008's third quarter and nine months were \$313,000 and \$901,000, respectively, versus \$295,000 and \$922,000 for the same respective prior year periods. The Company intends to maintain its commitment to the timely introduction of new memory products as new computers are introduced.

Selling, general and administrative expense in fiscal 2008's third quarter and nine months decreased by \$133,000 and \$356,000, respectively, from the comparable prior year periods. Included in the current fiscal year's third quarter and nine months expense are \$66,000 and \$231,000, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense, compared to \$95,000 and \$346,000 in the

comparable prior year periods. Excluding stock-based compensation expense, selling, general and administrative expenses declined by approximately \$104,000 and \$241,000, respectively, versus the same prior year periods. This was primarily the result of workforce and other cost reductions initiated at the end of the prior fiscal year.

Other income, net for the third quarter and nine months totaled \$233,000 and \$681,000, respectively, for fiscal 2008 and \$213,000 and \$2.9 million, for the same respective periods in fiscal 2007. Other income in fiscal 2008's third quarter consisted primarily of \$195,000 of net interest income received in the current quarter. Additionally, other income included \$39,000 of foreign currency gain, primarily as a result of the EURO strengthening relative to the US dollar. Fiscal 2008's nine months consisted primarily of \$597,000 of net interest income received and \$84,000 of foreign currency gain, primarily as a result of the EURO strengthening relative to the US dollar. Other income in fiscal 2007's third quarter consisted primarily of \$175,000 interest income. Additionally, there was \$38,000 of foreign currency gain, primarily as a result of the EURO strengthening relative to the US dollar. Other income for fiscal 2007's nine months consisted primarily of \$2.3 million received from a DRAM manufacturer related to a settlement agreement that the Company entered into in the second quarter. Additionally, there was \$518,000 of interest income and \$102,000 foreign currency gain, primarily as a result of the EURO strengthening relative to the US dollar.

Income tax expense for the third quarter and nine months of fiscal 2008 was \$214,000 and \$780,000 respectively, versus a benefit of (\$173,000) and \$655,000 of expense for the same prior year periods. The Company's effective tax rate for financial reporting purposes in fiscal 2008 is approximately 39%. However, the Company has federal NOL carry-forwards totaling approximately \$4.7 million and therefore will continue to make cash payments for income taxes at an approximate rate of 10% of pretax earnings until it utilizes all of its NOL carry-forwards.

Critical Accounting Policies

During December 2001, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) published a Commission Statement in the form of Financial Reporting Release No. 60 which encouraged that all registrants discuss their most "critical accounting policies" in management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations. The SEC has defined critical accounting policies as those that are both important to the portrayal of a company's financial condition and results, and that require management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. While the Company's significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2007, the Company believes the following accounting policies to be critical:

Revenue Recognition - Revenue is recognized when title passes upon shipment of goods to customers. The Company's revenue earning activities involve delivering or producing goods. The following criteria are met before revenue is recognized: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, shipment has occurred, selling price is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured. The Company does experience a minimal level of sales returns and allowances for which the Company accrues a reserve at the time of sale in accordance with SFAS No. 48, "Revenue Recognition When Right of Return Exists". Estimated warranty costs are accrued by management upon product shipment based on an estimate of future warranty claims.

Stock Option Expense - In December 2004, SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123(R)") was issued. SFAS 123(R) revises SFAS 123 and supersedes APB No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25"). SFAS 123, as originally issued in 1995, established as preferable a fair value-based method of accounting for share-based payment transactions with employees. However, SFAS 123 as amended permitted entities the option of continuing to apply the intrinsic value method under APB 25 that the Company had been using, as long as the footnotes to the financial statements disclosed what net income would have been had the preferable fair value-based method been used. SFAS 123(R) requires that the compensation

cost relating to all share-based payment transactions, including employee stock options, be recognized in the historical financial statements. That cost is measured based on the fair value of the equity or liability instrument issued and amortized over the related service period. The Company adopted the guidance in SFAS 123(R) effective May 1, 2006. The accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the third quarter and nine months ended January 31, 2008 includes approximately \$66,000 and \$231,000, respectively, of compensation expense in selling, general and administrative expense related to the fair value of options granted to employees and directors under the Company's stock-based employee compensation plans, which is being amortized over the service period in the financial statements, as required by SFAS 123(R). These awards have been classified as equity instruments, and as such, a corresponding increase of approximately, \$231,000 has been reflected in additional paid-in capital in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of January 31, 2008. The third quarter and nine months ended January 31, 2007 includes approximately \$95,000 and \$346,000, respectively, of compensation expense, in selling, general and administrative expense and as such, a corresponding increase of approximately \$346,000 has been reflected in additional paid-in capital in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of January 31, 2007. The fair value of each stock option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: Expected life is based on the Company's historical experience of option exercises relative to option contractual lives; Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's share price; Expected dividend yield assumes the current dividend rate remains unchanged; Risk free interest rate approximates United States government debt rates at the time of option grants.

Income Taxes - The Company utilizes the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes". Under the asset and liability method of SFAS No. 109, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company considers certain tax planning strategies in its assessment as to the recoverability of its tax assets. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under SFAS No. 109, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in earnings in the period that the tax rate changes.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, including deferred tax asset valuation allowances and certain other reserves and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Some of the more significant estimates made by management include the allowance for doubtful accounts and sales returns, the deferred tax asset valuation allowance and other operating allowances and accruals. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The Company does not invest in market risk sensitive instruments. The Company's investments consist of overnight deposits with banks and commercial paper, which matures within ninety days. The Company's rate of return on its investment portfolio changes with short-term interest rates, although such changes will not affect the value of its portfolio. The Company's objective in connection with its investment strategy is to maintain the security of its cash reserves without taking market risk with principal.

The Company purchases and sells primarily in U.S. dollars. The Company sells in foreign currency (primarily Euros) to a limited number of customers and as such incurs some foreign currency risk. At any given time, approximately 5

to 10 percent of the Company's accounts receivable are denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars. At present, the Company does not purchase forward contracts as hedging instruments, but could do so as circumstances warrant.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Dataram's management, acting under the supervision of the Audit Committee, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls and procedures to permit accurate financial reporting. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter and nine month period ended January 31, 2008 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 4T. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Not applicable.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

None.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS.

No material changes from Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

No reportable event.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

No reportable event.

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No reportable event.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

No reportable event.

Item 6. EXHIBITS.

Exhibit No. Description

31(a) Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Robert V. Tarantino.

31(b) Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Mark E. Maddocks.

32(a) Section 1350 Certification of Robert V. Tarantino (furnished not filed).

32(b) Section 1350 Certification of Mark E. Maddocks (furnished not filed).

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DATARAM CORPORATION

MARK E. MADDOCKS

Date: March 3, 2008

By: _____
Mark E. Maddocks
Vice President, Finance

(Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Robert V. Tarantino, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Dataram Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's independent registered public accounting firm and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

ROBERT V. TARANTINO

Date: March 3, 2008

Robert V. Tarantino, President
and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Mark E. Maddocks, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Dataram Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's independent registered public accounting firm and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

MARK E. MADDOCKS

Date: March 3, 2008

Mark E. Maddocks
Vice President, Finance and
Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32(a)

Section 1350 Certification
of
Robert V. Tarantino

I certify that the Quarterly Report of Dataram Corporation with which this Certification is furnished fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in the periodic report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Dataram Corporation.

March 3, 2008

ROBERT V. TARANTINO

Robert V. Tarantino
President and
Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 32(b)

Section 1350 Certification
of
Mark E. Maddocks

I certify that the Quarterly Report of Dataram Corporation with which this Certification is furnished fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in the periodic report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Dataram Corporation.

March 3, 2008

MARK E. MADDOCKS

Mark E. Maddocks
Vice President, Finance and
Chief Financial Officer